





@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Curriculum overview model: Communication and Language

	Ex	kpectatio	n for Nurse	ery	E	хре	ectations for F	Recept	ion	Links to KS1
Listening Attention	Rigid attention – may appear not to hear	Listens to adults n when re	nake	Listens in small group when interested	Listens to rhymes an songs payin attention they sound	nd ng to	Understands listen caref focuses on sp minimises distractions	ully – eaker, own	Listen attentively in small groups and whole class	Actively listen during class inputs and group tasks.
Concentration	Can find it difficult to pay attention to more than one thing	Can s attentio focused somethi	n when	Listens to longer familiarity	stories to build	d	Know why liste important	ening is	Can keep in mind what has been said in order to engage in conversatio	Hold informatio n in mind whilst moving from one task to another.
Responding appropriately	Remembe what has h in a s	appened	conv grou	espond in ersation/small p with related comments	Respond i whole class/sma group on to	ıll	Make comr about what have heard c questions to	they and ask	Hold conversatio ns with back and forth exchanges.	Able to respond on topic and contribute to discussions
Understanding	d who, cowhat co	Inderstan I simple concepts big/little'	Understand preposition		Understan d how	witl pro	low story hout ompts/ tures	famili	understand of ar stories and fiction texts	Understan d more complex sentences and concepts.









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Speaking	Able to say Mo	V	Speech May dele		syllables from long	Can say	,	May still replace	
speaking	,	olace	should be	,	lephant becomes	/p/, /b/,		some sounds	
	<u> </u>	me	understoo	_		/n/, /t/,		e.g. r with w	
Speech sounds		unds e.g.	by those	, a a a a a a a a a a		/g/, /f/,	,, , ,, ,	I with y	Say all
		ith w or	who knov	,		/s/, /y/,	/h/ 'sh'	,	speech
		with f	the child	`		'ch', 'j',			sounds
	/m/, /n/,	*******	ino onia			/v/	1-1,111,		clearly.
	/t/, /d/, /k/,					' ' '			clodity.
	/g/, /f/, /s/,								
	/y/, /h/								
Mara alam dana	Use a wider rang	o of	Logra nov	v vocabulary –	Use new vocabul	an/	Lico nov	vocabulary in	Use topic
Vocabulary	vocabulary e.a.			oduced in	throughout the do	,		t contexts – heard	based
	items rather than		nursery	odoced iii	heard saying wor	,		g words to	vocabular
	one' and describ		Tiorsery			US II I		t situations	y within
	colours/size etc.	Je WIIII			play		dillelell	i siludiloris	discussions
0 1		v úth	Hee lenge	rantonoosof	Articulate ideas	Connoc	tidogo	Everess their	
Sentence	May have issues irregular tenses of		4-6 words	er sentences of	and thoughts in	Connect ideas using		Express their ideas and	Speak in well-
length/structure	plurals - 'runned		4-6 WOIGS	well formed connect		tiv coo	feelings using full	formed	
101.911., 011.001.0	piurais - runnea				sentences	connec	lives	0 0	
					semences			sentences, including	sentences
								correct tenses	using
								Conect lenses	accurate
	Llaga avvau	i a h . a f	Ougations	la Haira ara la arra			A als au sa	ations to final aut	grammar.
Questions	Uses a vai	,	Questions	s why inings happ	en and gives explo	andiions	-	stions to find out	Ask
	questi	oris						nd understand	appropriat
							whatho	ıs been said	e
									questions
									to expand
									own
									knowledg
	Cin a lawa a	V n av · · · · ·	augus d	Llaa kailli ka	Describe espera	المماديال	4.0	La auria via una a a	e.
Content	Sing large	Know m	- /	Use talk to	Describe some	Use talk		Learn rhymes,	Read
	repertoire of	rhymes		organise	events in detail	organise		songs and	aloud
	songs	familiar		themselves e.g.		thinking, ex		poems by heart	what they
				I am going to		how thir	ngs work		have









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

		and can tell a long story	go on the blue bike		and what might happen		written with appropriat e intonation to make
Conversation	Hold a conversation, jumping from topic to topic	Uses intonation, rhythm and phrasing to make meaning clear	Can start a conversation and continue to take turns	Able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree	Develop social phrases	Participate in small group and whole class discussions	the meaning clear. Take part in class discussions contributin g to ideas and expressing opinions clearly.









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Curriculum overview model: Expressive art and design

	Exp	ectation fo	r Nursery	Expec	tations for Recep	otion	Links to KS1
Dainting	Mix primary colours to appropriate consistency	Use pre- made paints and are able to name colours	Able to mix primary colors	ours to make	Colour matching to a specific colour and shade	Add white or black paint to alter tint or shade	Colour matching, altering tint and shade Warm/Cool colours
Painting	Enjoys using hands, feet and fingers to paint	Can hold a paintbrush in the palm of their hand	Can use thick brushes	Can use thin brushes to add detail	Can independently select additional tools (stamps, rollers etc) to improve their painting	Can hold a paintbrush using a tripod grip	Lines of varying thickness, Dots and lines for pattern/texture. Use a variety of brushes and tools
	Print with large blarger sponges	ocks and	Print with small blocks, s fruit, shapes and other r		Create patterns or meaningful pictures when printing		Print with a variety of resources
Drawing	Draws faces with features and draws enclosed spaces, giving meaning	Makes marks. Draws circles and lines.	Draws potato people (r body)	no neck or	Draws with detail (bodies with sausage limbs and additional features)	Draws bodies of an appropriate size for what they're drawing	Children must be exposed to models and be able to identify key features of living things
	Children are able things that they o		Children are able to dra from memory	aw simple things	Children are begin self-portraits, lands buildings/cityscap	capes and	Children draw portraits, detailed pictures, landscapes, buildings and cityscapes









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Collage	Use glue spatulas with support N/A		Use glue sticks and glue spatulas independently	Join items in a variety of ways – Sellotape, masking tape, string, ribbon	Join items with glue or tape	Joins items which have been cut, torn or glued
			Adds other materials to develop models (tissue paper, glitter)	Knows how to secure boxes, toilet rolls, decorate bottles Knows how to improve models (scrunch, twist, fold, bend, roll)		Improve models by adding texture
			Additional textures – children describe as smooth or bumpy Beginning to weave (gross motor)	Improved vocab – flexible, rigid	Smooth, rough, bendy, hard Weave (fine motor)	Make collages and mosaics using different materials Weaves items
Sculpture	Builds walls to create enclosed spaces	Builds towers by stacking objects	Builds simple models using walls, roofs and towers.	Builds models which those in real life. Covariety of resource play	an use a	Use a variety of natural, recycled and manufactured materials to sculpt
	Makes marks in clay	Explores clay	Manipulates clay (rolls, cuts, squashes, pinches, twists)	Makes something with clear intentions	Makes something that they give meaning to	Use a variety of techniques and shapes to sculpt
Music	Responds to music	Enjoys listening to music	Talks about how music makes them feel	Understands emot music and can ide is 'happy', 'scary'	entify if music	Expresses their opinion









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

e Gol Statistry & Gol State Coption										
	Explores instrume beginning to nan (drum, tambourir triangle)	ne them	Is able to name a wide instruments (also includi glockenspiels, xylophon Plays a given instrumen beat	ing chime bars, nes)	Selects own instrur plays them in time Can change the t dynamics whilst pl Knows how to use variety of instrume Beginning to write compositions using pictures or pattern	Can change the tempo and dynamics Recognises instruments in music Compose their own simple tunes Creates sound effects Writes down compositions				
Singing and dancing	Copies basic actions	Moves to music	Learns short routines, be match pace	eginning to	Learns longer dan matching pace	Learns longer dance routines, matching pace				
	Beginning to wat performances for periods of time		Shares likes and Watches dislikes about dances/performances performances		Replicates dances and performances		Begin to improvise independently to create a simple dance			
	Sings in a small group	Knows some words when singing	Sings in a group, trying t	Sings in a group, trying to keep in time t		Sings in a group, matching pitch and following melody	Sings in tune and to the correct beat			
Role play	Plays with familia	resources	Uses own experiences t storylines	o develop	Uses imagination to develop own storylines	Uses experiences and learnt stories to develop storylines	To take part in a simple role play of a known story			









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

			e continuous e continu				
	Simple small world (farm, cars, trains, dolls) Choose a piece One piece		Participates in small world play related to rhymes and stories	Enhance with resources that they pretend are something else	Children enhance small world play with simple resources		
Independence	of paper from a selection of 2/3 provided to child		Chooses paper from a wide selection and of which is appropriate to the task (black paint on white paper, white paint on black)	Begins to paint on materials – card, fo	Reviews own work		
	Creates their own piece of art and gives meaning	Creates their own piece of art	Creates their own piece of art and begins to self-correct any mistakes	Returns to work on another occasion to edit and improve		improvements	
	Childrei independ develop b	dently to	Works with a friend, copying ideas and developing skills together	ideas with pe	Creates collaboratively, sharing ideas with peers and developing skills further		
Resources	Palm brushes, Large chalks, Whiteboard pens, chunky wax crayons, chunky pencil crayons, pencils, Pre-mixed paint, Primary powder paint colours, glue sticks, glue spatulas, PVA glue, Felt tips, card, paper, embellishments		Thick and thin paintbrushes, thin chalks, thin wax crayons, thin pencils, thin pencil crayons, variety of powder paints, clay, charcoal, highlighters, tracing paper, transient materials, rollers, sculpting tools for playdough/clay, sponges, scissors, IWB	Watercolour paints, pastels, string, marbles, cutlery, whisks, hole punches, staplers (supervised), cotton buds, cotton wool, foil, art straws		Children are exposed to using different materials	

Curriculum overview model: Literacy

Expectation for Nursery

Expectations for Reception

Links to KS1









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Rhymes/songs	missing words	Enjoys rhythm activit	nic	Able to sp and sugge rhymes		Able to clap	er fo ar re to ar		Continues a rhyming string	
Books	Looks at books independently and turns the pages the right way	Knov nam diffe parts book	es of rent s of	Has favourite stories an can retel the key events	nd	Shows interest in illustrations and print in books	Reread books to build up their confidence with word reading, fluency and understanding	Enjoys an increasing range of books	Accesses books for a range of purposes, including non- fiction	Discuss significance of the title and make predictions. Draw on what they know to read new texts.
Letters	Know that word are made up of letters	-	Recogni first lette name in words		wo	cognise rds with the ne initial ınd	Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them	Read some letter groups	Say a sound for each letter and at least 10 digraphs	Read correct sound grapheme for Set 1, 2 and 3 sounds.
Print/word reading	Know print has meaning			Know we read Eng from left right and top to bottom	llish to	Recognise their name	Blend cvc words	Read a few common exception words		Apply phonological knowledge to decode words. Read aloud phonetically decodable texts.
Comprehension	Aware of story structure	a sto	jest how ry it end	Join in wi small gro to retell o	υр	Able to retell story including		Demonstrate an understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories		Make predictions based on the









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Retelling			pro	ry using ps, opets o tures						arratives using thei ocabulary	ir own words and	characters, plot and vocabulary read so far.
Comprehension Responding	Repeats words phrases from familiar stories		ins in with peated ref	rains	Describe m events, characters setting in a	and	Engage extende convers about n stories	ed ations	new	and understand vocabulary ng discussions	Engage in discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems	Discuss the significance of the title of the book. Answer 'how' and 'why' question about what they have read and know where to look for information.
Mark making	Distinguish between the marks they make	Gives meaning to the marks they make	Uses 'scribble writing'	,	pols/shapes represent rs	Write rand lette lette string	lom rs or r	Writes u	using let	tters observed in th	ne environment	Leave spaces between words.
Writing Construction	Use some of th letter knowled early writing			e some urately	e letters /		Form lower case and capital letters correctl	ider the sour and y writi	rds by ntifying nds	Write sentences using a capital letter and full sto	recognisable	Say what they are going to write. Orally compose a sentence.









GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

				with letter/s			
Writing	Write for a range of purposes	Write some or all of their name	Write word	ds as labels	Write short sentences using	Write simple phrases and	Say what they are
Content					words with known letter- sound correspondences	sentences that can be read by others	going to write. Orally compose a sentence. Sequence
							sentences.

Curriculum overview model: Physical development

Expectation for Nursery Expectations for Reception Links to KS1









GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Dressing	Take off own coat Pull down pants to use toilet	Put on shoes without fastening (may be wrong foot) Pull zips up and down, but may need help to insert or separate shank	T-Shirt and jum independently back to front Pull up garmer independently	but may be nts on	Put on socks and shoes correctly Fasten zip independently	Dress and undress independently but may still need help with small buttons and laces. Clothing may still be put on back-to front on occasion	Fasten small buttons Tie own shoelaces
Ball Skills	Begin to throw ball overhand	Throw ball underhand	Throw ball forward 10ft in the air and use appropriate technique, such as moving arms up and back using upper trunk rotation, with arms and legs moving in opposition.	Hit 2ft target from 5ft away with a tennis ball using underhand toss.	Throw tennis ball underhand at least 10ft using trunk rotation and opposing arm/leg movements.	Can usually hit a target from 12ft away using an overhand toss	Can throw with accuracy
	Catch a ball by chasing- does not necessarily	Catch a large ball between extended arms	Catch a large ball by bringing hands in	Bounce a large ball	Bounce and catch a large ball using 2 hands	Catch a tennis ball from 5 feet using only hands	Bounce a tennis ball on the floor and catch in one hand













@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

	respond to aerial ball		towards chest	-	•		
	Use foot to tap static ball a small distance	Kick ball with one foot while swinging opposite arm	Direct kick to knock down a tower	Walk towards and kick a ball	Run towards and kick a ball	Coordinate body to meet and kick a ball that is rolled to them from a distance	Can use kicking in a team game
Balance	Stand on tiptoes	Stand on one foot for 2 seconds	Walk along a chalk line	Walk along a low, wide balance beam	Hold a controlled static balance on one leg	Walk along a low narrow balance beam	Balance on an unstable surface with increasing control
Jumping	Jump off a low object with both feet off the ground	Jump over a small stationery object	Jump forward, taking off and landing on 2 feet	Hop on one foot 3 to 5 times	Jump and turn in the air	Hop up to 10 times on alternate feet	Skip rhythmically
Using Tools	Pour from one container to another	Explore a range of tools – spoons, spades, paintbrushes, etc	Use one-hande example, mak paper with scis	ing snips in	Use scissors to cut paper in half	Use scissors to cut around a shape on paper	Use scissors to cut fabric
	Use a spoon to pick up food and put in mouth	Stab food using a fork	Spoon cereal from container to dish with little spilling	Use a knife to cut soft food like bananas and strawberries	Spread using a knife	Cut using a knife	Use a knife and fork independently
	Palmer grasp	Digital pronate grasp	4 finger grasp		Static tripod grasp)	Dynamic tripod grasp









@GSPSNursery	y @GSPSRece	ption

	-	-	•	
Independence	Children work independently to develop basic skills	Start to make up their own physical games	Collaborate with others to devise team games and	Edit and refine movements
			manage resources	and games
Resources (not limited to)	Coats, trousers, shoes, balance bikes, balls, containers, jugs, spoons, forks, spades, trowels, palm brushes, chunky chalks, whiteboard pens, chunky wax crayons, chunky pencil crayons, pencils,	T-shirt, jumper, trousers, balance bikes, pedal bikes, balls, balance beam, one handed tools, scissors, knife, thick and thin paintbrushes, chalks, crayons, pencils	Socks, shoes, coats, buttons, laces, pedal bikes, balls, balance beams, scissors, cutlery, whisks, hole punches	Children are exposed to using different materials











Curriculum overview model: Personal social and emotional development

	Expe	ctation for	· Nurse	ry	Expec	tations	for Rec	eption	Links to KS1
Relationships	Become more outgoing with new people	Play with on more childre elaborating ideas	en	Talk with others to solve conflicts, supported by an adult	Build constructive and respectful relationships	Work ar cooper and tak	atively .	Form positive relationships with adults and peers	Understand how to be a good friend. Learn different roles in society.
Emotions Self	Talk about their feeli words like sad, happ and worried. May be prompted and supp adults	by, angry h	how the	their feelings e.g. by feel and expres riately (crying whe		adult	Show understanding of their own feelings		Learn how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave
Emotions Other people	Show awareness the experience emotion themselves	is like h		o understand ners might be	Consider the fee others	elings of	_	bout the ctive of others	Learn how to recognise what others might be feeling
Self-regulation	Seek out an adult to help to deal with their emotions	Soothed, co or comforte an adult thr shared experience hug, gentle conversatio and talking through the 'feelings'	ed by rough e.g.	Begin to calm themselves and talk through solutions to deal with emotions	Show perseverance and resilience in the face of challenges	Able to their im and exp their stre emotion accept ways	pulses oress ong ns in	Begin to regulate behaviour according to their own feelings and feelings of others	Learn different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good









GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

			0	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · ·	@ G 51 5110	oop a			
Confidence	Select and use r activities, with h needed		Show more confidence in new social situations			Develop appropriate ways of being assertive		See themselves as a valuable individual		Recognise what makes them special and unique.
Understanding rules	Develop sense of responsibility and membership of community	Increasingly follow rules and understand why they are important	Do no alway need adult remind them rules	rs an to d	Help to find rivalries	d solutions to	ons to Explain reasons rules		Know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly	Recognise risk and safety in school, at home and online.
Managing self Toileting	Usually dry durin the day	g Can ask t when ne				Can use the fact wash and dry or hands		needed	toilets when d and manage giene needs	Learn about germs and cleaning.
Diet	Eat a range of foods		Express preferences with food and drink		ow that there are healthy and lealthy foods				ods help them thelp me to fight	Know about foods that are healthy and the risks of too much sugar.
Dressing	Help with difficu elements when dressing e.g. finishing zipper it an adult starts	their sock	d most clothing	Canc	isk for help v	vhen needed	Can ch for PE, p clothing correct around	outting g on the	Can do buttons and zips independently	Increasingly independent.











Curriculum overview model: Past and present, people, culture and communities and the natural world

	Expe	pets that they might have and who they are and who the live with Talks about a wider range of occupations (electrician, plumber etc) Sequence family members by size and name (baby, child, adult) Comments on recent pictures of experiences in their own life. Comments on historical figure				ctations fo	or Rece	ption	Links to KS1
	Can briefly talk about some members of their family	about pets th they m	any at	who they are and who they	Can discuss similarities and differences between people in their family	Can talk of members immediate in more de	of e family	Can talk about past and upcoming events with their immediate family	Understands that there are similarities and differences
History	familiar occupations range of (nurse, doctor, police, (electric			of occupations	Can identify similar differences betwee	larities and		to discuss different ations of family ers	between people. Describe memories that have happened in their own lives.
	The state of the s			explaining who t	equence family members, explaining who they are (baby, oddler, child, adult, grandparent) Sequence far explaining wh differences be can/can't do			y are and the key	Sequence events that are close together in time.
				Compare and con from stories, sharing differences			Shares some similarities between characters,	Use stories or accounts to distinguish between fact and	
	in their own life. "This was me at the farm."			historical figures on-fiction texts	Compare and con figures and objects texts, sharing simila differences	s from non-fi		figures or objects	fiction. Recognise some similarities and differences between past and present.











GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

R.E.	Shares likes and dislikes	Comments on re celebrations in th was me celebrat	neir own life	. "This	Comments on pictures of a wide range of celebrations (Diwali, Eid, Christmas)	Comments on images of familiar experiences (holidays, visiting the park, going to the dentist)	Describe memories that have happened in their own lives.
	Knows that there are special plac	ces of worship	Knows wh special ar		covenues are Des there. Can name different religi venues – Church, Mosc		Can recognise, name and describe religious places.
	Knows that there are differences between what people believe	Developing posit differences betw			Can articulate ever celebrate.	nts that people	Describes the main beliefs of a religion. Describes the main festivals of a religion.
	Notices features in their own environment		Identifies features on a simple map of their environment		Can describe the features of their environment e.g. buildings, park, sea	Can use maps in their environment	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to physical and human features
Geography	Can access non-fiction books to find out more about this country	Knows that we liv pool which is in E			e maps and non-fiction bout life in this counti es		Uses world maps to identify countries. Name and locate the four countries and capital cities
	Can talk about the features of this country	Can describe wh different countrie		in	Makes comparisons children in different		of the UK. Compare the UK with a contrasting country









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

	Talk about what their own environ (school/home) us vocabulary	nment	Talk about local road, the park, lik	environments (their orary)	Use picture contrast er world		npare and ents around the	Observe the natural and humanly constructed world around them
	Can explore the natural world and comment on what is seen/heard		ions of materials, lar and different	al world arou bbservations	ind	Talks about differences between materials and changes they notice.	Explores the world around them, asking how and why Q's. Decides how to sort and classify	
Science	Uses senses in ha exploration	nds on	Can name their	Describe the senses	ne naturo	al world using their	objects.	
	Explores how thin	igs work	Explores and talk (push and pull)	Explores non-contact forces (gravity and magnetism)			Notices links between cause and effect (speed, shape, direction and magnetism)	
	what you need changes a		nat the weather that in different nave different	Can describe and the seasons	compare	Understand the effect of seasons on the natural world, discussing when and how things grow		Identify seasonal weather patterns
	Can take care of living things	Plants seeds and cares for growing plants with support	Can talk about what animals need to grow and survive	Understands the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.	Can talk a different lif cycles		Can say what plants need to survive	Observe the natural and humanly constructed world around them









GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Computing Skills	Mark make on po on the Interactive		Select brushes, c when drawing or			Use various tools su stamps, erasers o supp	and shapes with	Uses various tools
	Can play simple by pressing butto	•	teractive Whitebo	ard Can play simple games on the Interact Whiteboard by dragging and dropping				such as brushes, pens, eraser,
	Children can take photos on the camera	witch a camera Erases content and understan how to charge the cameras			Children can record	d videos on the	stamps and shapes	
				info	dren know who rmation is and k be shared onlir	know that it should	Children know to ask for help if needed	Identify which things count as personal information. Asks for help when they need it.











Curriculum overview model: Personal social and emotional development

	Е	xpectation	n for Nurs	ery		Expectat	ions for Re	eception		Links to KS1
Cardinality and counting	Recite numbers past 5	Say one number for each item in order	Know that the last number when counting tells you how many there are	Count a small number of objects from a group	Count objects, actions and sounds	Count ac	curately to	Verbally co	ount beyond	Count to and across 100.
Subitising	Fast recognition up to 3 obje – perceptuc subitising	of ects	Show finger numbers up		Perceptual subi	Perceptual subitising - up to 5 Conceptual subitising - combine two quantities to find a total e.g. I car see 2 and 2, there are 4				Identify amounts using objects and pictorial representations.
Comparison	Know that a quantity changes wh something is added or taken away to 5 items	quan quan fewe	oare lities using than' or r than'	Compare two groups saying when they are equal up to 5 items	Compare quantities to 10 in different contexts	Order numbers to 10	Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10 (odds, evens, double facts)	Can say one more/less than a given number to 10	Understand the relationship between consecutive numbers	Use language more than/less than/equal to/most/least









GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

Composition	Separate a of 4 objects different wo recognising total remain same	in ays that the	Solve real wor problems with to 5		Explore the composition of numbers to 10 e.g. numbers can be made of 2 parts, more than 2 parts, equal	reco	omatically all number ds to 5	Know different ways of making numbers betwee and 10	r t	Automatically ecall some bonds to 10	Represent and use number bonds and related facts within 20. Solve one step problems
Number recognition	Recognises numbers 0-5		ombers to ty up to 5 with their o symbols an marks as w as numeral		own numbers nd 10 vell		Link the no symbol wi cardinal r value	ith its		numbers to 10	Read and write numbers from 1-20 in numerals and words. Read numbers to 100.
Pattern	Talks about and identify patterns around them – stripes, spots.	'Use informal language like pointy, spotty, blobs	Extend and create an ABAB pattern		Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern	describe a corr sequence erro of events, repe		Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern		Continue, copy, extend and create repeating patterns ABC ABC ABBC ABCD ABCD	10 100.
Shape	Talk about of explore 2d and 3d shape	appro	priately shap	nbine bes to e new	Know some 2 and 3d shap names			ite dec		pose and impose shapes so children recognise	Recognise and name 2D and 3D shapes.









@GSPSNursery @GSPSReception

-													_
		using informal language 'round', 'flat', 'corners'	prism for a roof, flat surfaces for building etc.	at arch, a bigger arg etc.							ape can have r shapes within it, s numbers can, shapes can be e of 2 parts, more 2 parts, equal or unequal parts.		5
	Space	Understand position through words alone – under the table	Uses positional language				ss routes and locations, using words like 'in front', 'behind'					Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns.	
	Measure	Make comparise between object relating to size, weight, capacit length e.g. 'this bigger'	y and weight,	Compares 2 objects by ler weight, height or capacity			Compares by length, v height or co	veight,	Measures short perion of time if simple wa	ods	Uses everyday language related to money	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for length, height, mass, weight, capacity, volume. Begin to record measurements. Tell the time to quarter hour. Know some coins.	

Commented [SM1]: Shapes are composed of smaller shapes

- √ Shapes can be made of 2 parts
- ✓ Shapes can be made of more than 2 parts
- Shapes can be made of equal parts
- √ Shapes can be made of unequal parts



